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The Virtual Learning Environment for Computer Programming

### Roman numbers (1)

P18298\_en

Write a program that reads several numbers and prints their equivalent Roman number.

Remember that Roman numbers make use seven uppercase letters, which correspond to the following values:

These are the rules of Roman numbers:

- Each decimal digit is computed independently.
- Units (1, 2, ..., 9) are represented, respectively, I, II, III, IV, V, VI, VII, VIII, IX. Nothing is written for 0.
- Tens (10, 20, ..., 90) are written like units are, but repacing I by X, V by L, and X by C.
- Hundreds (100, 200, ..., 900) are written like units are, but repacing I by C, V by D, and X by M.
- Thousands (1000, 2000 i 3000) are written like units are, but repacing I by M.

### Input

Input consists of several natural numbers between 1 and 3999. (Roman people did not know zero, and the system described above cannot represent numbers greater than or equal to 4000.)

#### Output

For each number, print its equivalent Roman number.

## Sample input

# Sample output

1	1 = I
4	4 = IV
10	10 = X
40	40 = XL
41	41 = XLI
16	16 = XVI
2708	2708 = MMDCCVIII
999	999 = CMXCIX
3005	3005 = MMMV

#### **Problem information**

Author: Jordi Petit

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